Jasper City Schools Fifth Grade ELA Pacing Guide 9.20.2018

- Thoughtful and effective planning throughout the school year is crucial for student mastery of standards.
- Once a standard is introduced, it is understood that the standard is continuously taught and/or reviewed throughout the <u>entire</u> school year (e.g., explicit instruction, learning centers, IXL, etc.).
- Reflects standards assessed with the McGraw-Hill Unit Assessments
- ONGOING standards listed after pacing guide

First Nine Weeks	Second Nine Weeks	Third Nine Weeks	Fourth Nine Weeks
Literature:	<u>Literature:</u>	<u>Literature:</u>	Literature:
RL5.1 -Quote accurately from a text when explaining what the	RL5.2- Determine a theme of a	RI.5.1 -Quote accurately from a	All previously
text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.	story, drama, or poem from	text when explaining what the	assessed and/or
	details in the text, including	text says explicitly and when	are ongoing
Informational Text:	how characters in a story or	drawing inferences from the text.	
RI.5.3 -Explain the relationships or interactions between two or	drama respond to challenges or	RL.5.4- Determine the meaning of	
more individuals, events, ideas, or concepts in a historical,	how the speaker in a poem	words and phrases as they are	Informational
scientific, or technical text based on specific information in the	reflects upon a topic;	used in a text, including figurative	Text:
text.	summarize the text.	language such as metaphors and	All previously
RI.5.7-Draw on information from multiple print or digital	RL.5.3-Compare and contrast	similes	assessed and/or
sources, demonstrating the ability to locate an answer to a	two or more characters,	RL.5.5- Explain how a series of	are ongoing
question quickly or to solve a problem efficiently.	settings, or events, in a story or	chapters, scenes, or stanzas fits	
RI.5.8-Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to	drama, drawing on specific	together to provide the overall	Writing:
support particular points in a text, identifying which reasons and	details in the text (e.g. how	structure of a particular story,	W.5.9- Draw
evidence support which point(s).	characters interact).	drama, or poem.	evidence from
RI.5.9 -Integrate information from several texts on the same		RL5.6 -Describe how a narrator's	literary or
topic in order to write or speak about the subject knowledgeably	Writing:	or speaker's point of view	informational
	$\overline{\text{W.5.2-W}}$ rite informative or	influences how events are	texts to support
Writing:	explanatory texts to examine a	described.	analysis,
$\overline{\text{W.5.3-W}}$ rite narratives to develop real or imagined experiences	topic and convey ideas and	RL 5.9 -Compare and contrast	reflection, and
or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear	information clearly.	stories in the same genre (e.g.,	research.
event sequences.	W.5.2a-Introduce a topic	mysteries and adventure stories)	
W.5.3a-Orient the reader by establishing a situation and	clearly, provide a general	on their approaches to similar	Language:

introducing a narrator, characters, or both; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.

- **W.5.3b-**Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, description, and pacing, to develop experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations.
- **W.5.3c-**Use a variety of transitional words, phrases, and clauses to manage the sequence of events.
- **W.5.3d-**Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events precisely.
- **W.5.3e-**Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.

Language:

- **L5.1-**Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing speaking.
- **L.5.1a**-Explain the function of conjunctions, prepositions, and interjections in general and their function in particular sentences.
- **L.5.2a-**Use punctuation to separate items in a series
- **L.5.2b-**Use a comma to separate an introductory element from the rest of the sentence.
- **L.5.2c-**Use a comma to set off the words *yes* and *no* (e.g., *Yes*, *thank you*), to set off a tag question from the rest of the sentence (e.g., *It's true*, *isn't it?*), and to indicate direct address (e.g., *Is that you*, *Steve?*).
- **L.5.4a**-Use context (e.g., *cause/effect relationships and comparisons in text*) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
- **L.5.4b-**Use common, grade-appropriate Greek and Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., *photograph*, *photosynthesis*).
- **L.5.5b-**Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs.
- **L.5.5c-**Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., *synonyms, antonyms, homographs*) to better understand each of the words.

observation and focus, and group related information logically; include formatting (e.g., *headings*), illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.

W.5.2b-Develop the topic with facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples related to the topic.

W.5.2c-Link ideas within and across categories of information using words, phrases, and clauses (e.g., *in contrast, especially*).

W.5.2d-Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.

W.5.2e-Provide a concluding statement or section related to the information or explanation presented.

Language:

L.5.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

L.5.5a-Interpret figurative language, including similes and metaphors, in context.

themes and topics.

Informational Text:

RI.5.2-Determine two or more main ideas of a text and explain how they are supported by key details; summarize the text.

Writing:

W.5.1-Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information.

W.5.1a-Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which ideas are logically grouped to support the writer's purpose.

W.5.1b-Provide logically ordered reasons that are supported by facts and details.

W.5.1c-Link opinion and reasons using words, phrases, and clauses (e.g., *consequently, specifically*).

W.5.1d-Provide a concluding statement or section related to the opinion presented.

Language:

L.5.4-Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on Grade 5 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies

L5.5a- Interpret figurative language including similes and metaphors in context

Ongoing Standards

(Assessed weekly, covered in Project Based Learning, and/or daily instruction)

Literature:

RL.5.7-Analyze how visual and multimedia elements contribute to the meaning, tone, or beauty of a text (e.g., graphic novel, multimedia presentation of fiction, folktale, myth, poem).

RL.5.10-By the end of the year read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poetry, at the high end of the Grades 4-5 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

Informational:

- RI.5.4-Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a Grade 5 topic or s
- **RI.5.5-**Compare and contrast the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause and effect, problem and solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in two or more texts.
- **RI.5.6-**Analyze multiple accounts of the same event or topic, noting important similarities and differences in the point of view they represent.
- **RI.5.10**-By the end of the year read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, at the high end of the Grades 4-5 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

Foundational Skills:

- **RF.5.3-**Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.
- **RF.5.3a**-Use combined knowledge of all letter-sound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and morphology (e.g., roots and affixes) to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context and out of context.
- **RF.5.4**-Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.
- **RF.5.4.a**-Read on-level text with purpose and understanding.
- **RF. 5.4b-**Read on-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.
- **RF.5.4.c**-Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.

Speaking and Listening:

- **SL.5.1-**Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on Grade 5 topic and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.
- **SL.5.1b-**Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles.
- **SL.5.1c-**Pose and respond to specific questions by making comments that contribute to the discussion and elaborate on the remarks of others.
- **SL5.1d-**Review the key ideas expressed and draw conclusions in light of information and knowledge gained from the discussions.
- **SL.5.2-**Summarize a written text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.
- SL.5.3-Summarize the points a speaker makes and explain how each claim is supported by reasons and evidence.
- **SL.5.4-**Report of a topic or text or present an opinion, sequencing ideas logically and using appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace.
- **SL.5.5-**Include multimedia components (e.g., graphics, sound) and visual displays in presentations when appropriate to enhance the development of main ideas or themes.
- **SL.5.6-**Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, using formal English when appropriate to task and situation. (See Grade 5 Language standards 38 and 40 for specific expectations.)

Writing

- W.5.4-Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
- **W.5.7-**Conduct short research projects that use several sources to build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic.
- **W.5.8-**Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work, and provide a list of sources.

W.5.9a-Apply *Grade 5 Reading standards* to literature (e.g., "Compare and contrast two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or a drama, drawing on specific details in the text [e.g., how characters interact]").

W.5.9b-Apply *Grade 5 Reading standards* to informational texts (e.g., "Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text, identifying which reasons and evidence support which point[s]").

Language:

- **L.5.1** b-Form and use the perfect (e.g., I had walked; I have walked; I will have walked) verb tenses.
- **L.5.1c-**Use verb tense to convey various times, sequences, states, and conditions.
- **L.5.1d**-Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb tense
- **L.5.1e**-Use correlative conjunctions (e.g., *either/or*, *neither/nor*).
- **L.5.2d-**Use underlining, quotation marks, or italics to indicate titles of works.
- **L.5.2e-**Spell grade-appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed.
- L.5.3-Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
- L.5.3a-Expand, combine, and reduce sentences for meaning, reader or listener interest, and style.
- **L.5.3b-**Compare and contrast the varieties of English (e.g., dialects, registers) used in stories, dramas, or poems.
- **L.5.4c-**Consult reference materials (e.g., *dictionaries*, *glossaries*, *thesauruses*), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation and determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases.
- L.5.5-Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.
- **L5.6**-Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal contrast, addition, and other logical relationships (e.g. *however, although, nevertheless, similarly, moreover, in addition).*